Numb. 221.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From February 15. to February 22. 1732,3.

LONDON, October 14.

BEnjamin Martin, Eſq; has taken the Oath of Secretary to the Truſtees for eſtabliſhing the Colony of Georgia in America, and acts in that Office without Salary or Perquiſite; as doth Mr. Verelſt as Accomptant to the Truſtees, ſome of whom have been down the River to view the Shipping, and have received Propoſals for furniſhing Iron Works, Arms, and Proviſions, from whence it is conjectured that ſome People will be ſoon ſent to the new Colony, which is confirm'd by an Entry being made at the Cuſtom-houſe of ſome Parcels of Goods for Georgia.

London, October 16. There were on Thurſday and Friday laſt, ſeveral Hundreds of People at the Truſtees Office, ſoliciting to go to Georgia this Seaſon; and when the Gentlemen declared to them, that having caſt up their Caſh, they found it was not ſufficient to ſend over any more than ſeventy at preſent, and that therefore they would chooſe thoſe that were the greateſt Objects of Compaſſion, which they accordingly did; the reſt thereupon expreſſed the deepeſt Concern at not being choſen, and there could not be a more melancholy Spectacle, many of them going away, ſolemnly proteſting, that they were under ſuch Neceſſity for want of Employment, that they had no Hopes to avoid periſhing for Want before Spring.

London, Octob. 19. They write from Wentworth-Houſe, the Seat of the Right Hon. the Lord Malton in Yorkſhire, that on the ſecond Inſtant there was finiſhed an Engine for raiſing Water to ſupply that fine Seat, by the Direction of Mr. George Gordon, which is eſteemed by all that have ſeen it, to be the beſt Engine of the kind in England, the Water is raiſed by it 1600 Yards in Length, and 80 Yards perpendicular. When it began to work, there were preſent a great Number of Quality and Gentry, in the Evening there were Fireworks and other Demonſtrations of Joy.

Extract of a Letter from Gibraltar.

WE are often inſulted by the Spaniards Advances who pretend the Ground without the Town is theirs, and that they may do as they pleaſe with it. The great Cry made ſome time ago, that the Spaniſh Works were to be demoliſhed (only intended the old ones raiſed during the Siege) is not yet begun. It was agreed what they ſhould do on our Part, but they will not begin, nor ſuffer us to do any Thing till Approbation comes from Seville. Thoſe Works grow harder, and better than ever.

A little Encouragement would ſoon raiſe the projected Town to the Southward, and fill it with People. Several Houſes are built and building, and more would be built if we were ſure of Exemption from having Officers and Soldiers quartered on them, and paying Ground Rent; which, tho' the Scheme the Government not long ſince ſeemed to encourage, of making this a Free Port, and eſtabliſhing a Civil Government in it, be not yet accompliſhed, and indeed no longer talk'd of, tho' we hope it is thought of, yet no doubt proper Encouragment will be given for building this new Town, when the Military Power may have the old one intire to themſelves, and each live without any Cauſe of Diſturbance to the other; and if the Scheme of a Free Port and civil Government ſhould ſucceed, this Place might be rendred flouriſhing, and leſs expenſive to Great Britain.

Peterſbourg, Sept. 30. Our Advices from Iſpahan ſay that great Rejoycings had been made there, for the late Advantage gained over the Turks by a Body of the Sophy's Army; and that a grand Convoy was departed with all Sorts of Proviſions, under a Guard of 600 Men, to attack Babylon; and whereas the Ottoman Army appointed to ſuccour that Place had been lately much reinforc'd, People daily expected to hear of a deciſive Battle between the two Armies.

Hague, Octo. 3. N. S. Our Letters from *Italy* are at a loſs to expreſs the Diviſions that reign at *Genoa*, about the *Corſicans* and the *Imperialiſts*; the Senators who propoſed calling in the Aſſiſtance of the Imperial Troops, not daring to ſhew their Heads, becauſe thoſe Troops (they ſay) are now their *Maſters*. On the other hand, Price *Eugene* of *Savoy*, to whom the Emperor has left every thing that concerns the *Genoeze* and the *Corſicans*, is highly provoked at the Treatment of the *latter*, in contrary to the Treaty of Accommodation concluded under the Emperor's Guaranty, whoſe Honour is concerned in the Execution of what was promiſed the *Corſicans* in his Name, and by his Mediation. His Highneſs inſiſts, that the *four Chiefs* be deliver'd ſafe and ſound at *Milan*, and that a Body of Imperial Troops be kept in the Iſland at the Expence of the Republick, to be ready to aſſiſt the Emperor's Commiſſary, who is to reſide at *Baſtia*, to take Care of the Execution of all the Articles of the Accommodation, and to protect the *Corſicans* againſt the Tyranny and Vexation of the *Genoeze* Governors. The *Republick* ſighs and groans, and complains that ſhe is in Subjection to *Lords* and *Maſters*, who will be obeyed, and well paid into the Bargain; but to no Purpoſe; no Body pities them.

Extract of a Letter from the King's Attorney in Guernſey.

On reading an Article in the Daily Journal of the 19th of Sept. our Lieutenant Governor and I ſuſpected a Sloop which lately came from Rotterdam, and ſent for the Maſter and Men, but the Maſter could not be found, ſo only two Sailors were brought, and after much Trouble, they confeſſed in Subſtance, That laſt Spring their Sloop, Hugh Couch then Maſter, took in at Cadiz a Spaniſh Merchant and his Servant, with a Cargo belonging to him, Beans, Snuff, &c. which they carry'd to Barcelona; that the ſaid Merchant loaded them back for Cadiz, with Brandies, &c. imbarking with his Man again in her; that near the Streights Mouth, Capt. Couch took a Gun, and ſwore he would ſhoot his Crew, if they did not alter their Courſe, which they did; and when near Cape Finiſterre, Couch forced the two Spaniards into the Boat, and obliged them to make for the Shore; that they proceeded with the Sloop back to Gibraltar, then came to this Iſland, and ſo to Rotterdam, where Couch left them and his Mate, Corbance, commenc'd Maſter, and brought her back to this Iſland again. We had no ſooner got this Information, but I applied for proper Warrants for ſeizing the preſent Maſter and Crew, and ſecuring the Sloop; accordingly the Sloop is ſtopt, the two Sailors are impriſoned and Search is making after Corbance, who hides, but doubt not taking him. The People are all Comiſh Men, and the Sloop belongs to Fowey.

Dublin, Octo. 10. Several of our Butchers, Bakers, Cooks, and other Dealers in Food, *&c.* for the Convenience and Support

Support of the Publick, have ſuffered more Chagrin within theſe few days, than in a long time before; the Right Hon. Hum. French Eſq; our preſent Lord Mayor, having carefully viſited them, and ſeized ſuch an Abundance of Unmerchantable Goods, as raiſed a perfect Admiration in the Citizens, the Rich praiſing, and the Poor bleſſing his Lordſhip, for his Induſtry in this Matter; and as that worthy Gentleman ſeems fully bent to do the Publick the ſtricteſt Juſtice in every reſpect, it is not doubted but he will fill his High Office with more Honour and Dignity, than many of his Predeceſſors, and leave a bright Example to thoſe who ſhall be thought worthy to ſucceed him.

His Lordſhip has alſo deſtroyed abundance of falſe Meaſures, by which Coals and other Commodities were ſold, and ordered Houſe-Keepers in every Pariſh to be ſworn, to overſee the Bakers, &c. in the Execution of their Buſineſs, purſuant to the Rules publiſhed weekly for that Purpoſe.

London, October 25. The following is the Speech of Maſter Peter-Gilbert de Voiſins to the King of France, at his late Bed of Juſtice, on occaſion of his Majeſty's requiring a certain Declaration to be regiſtred.

SIRE,

'IN vain would we ſtifle the Grief with which we are 'penetrated; it will burſt out in ſpite of all we can do; 'and we dare believe it is nothing but what your Majeſty 'expected. Stunned with the Declaration which your Ma'jeſty ordered to be delivered to us a Fortnight ſince in your 'Preſence; intimidated by an abſolute Command from your 'own Mouth, we paid you, *Sire*, that blind Obedience which 'you required of us. We might flatter our Wiſhes with ſome 'Reſource; Providence has not permitted it, *Sire*: We attri'bute the Extremity to which ſo melancholy an Affair is now 'reduced, to nothing but the Frowns of Providence.

'We obey again at this Inſtant, when your Majeſty 'orders that ſame Declaration to be publiſhed with all the 'Parade of your Power. Need we any other Cauſe of Sor'row, beſides thoſe Terms of Menace and Indignation, 'which diſtinguiſh moſt of its Periods, and which Poſterity 'will ſee in this Law, inſerted by your Majeſty againſt the 'Firſt Aſſembly in your Kingdom?

'When Men ſee you confine the Zeal of your Parliament 'for your Service, and for the Good of your Subjects, they 'cannot help being afraid, that you will likewiſe ſet Bounds 'between your Majeſty's Affection and that Body which 'holds of you alone all the Character and Power they 'have. Thoſe who, like our Kings, have in themſelves 'the Fulneſs of the Sovereign Power, ſeem to have no 'Need to aſſign Bounds to the Prayers, the Supplications, 'and the humble Remonſtrances of their Officers. God 'himſelf, whoſe Images they are, often expects us to repeat 'our Vows; and, if I may be allowed the Expreſſion, 'ſometimes his Goodneſs will be, as it were importuned.

'Never did your Parliament, *Sire*, do the Kings your 'Predeceſſors better Service, than when they had more 'Liberty, and ſaw themſelves more honoured with their 'Confidence and their Goodneſs.

'If thoſe who compoſe it, have had the Misfortune to 'diſpleaſe your Majeſty, What an additional Load of 'Affliction is it both to them and to us that the Storm may 'at one time or other affect the Publick Weal, or your 'Majeſty's Service, from which it is inſeparable!

'We promiſe ourſelves every thing from your Majeſty's 'Goodneſs and Wiſdom: Thoſe Laws which the Fatality 'of the Times brings forth, ſtamped with a Reſentment 'under which we cannot humble ourſelves too much, de'pend chiefly upon the Return of the Prince's Favour. Your 'Heart, *Sire*, is too generous and too noble not to be eaſily 'reconciled. The Anger of our Kings is never laſting; 'and moſt commonly, with it is effaced what it did not 'produce without Regret.

'Supported by this Hope, we offer up to your Majeſty, 'becauſe you order it, the humble Sacrifice of our own 'Sentiments; and by your moſt expreſs Command, we 'require that upon the Declaration, which was juſt now read 'there be written that it has been read, and publiſhed, your 'Majeſty ſitting in your *Bed of Juſtice*, and regiſtered by the 'Regiſter of the Court, to be executed according to its 'Form and Tenour.

Boſton, Jan. 15. Laſt Week came in Capt. Prince's Sloop, which was ſome Time ſince drove out from the Highanas by the Ice, and thought to be loſt.

Our Channel is now open, and it's hoped in a few Days the outward bound Veſſels at the Wharffs will get clear, ſeveral Ships Companys having join'd together to cut away the Ice to the Channel.

PHILADELPHIA.

Sunday Morning laſt, the Ice in Skuylkyl, tho' prodigious thick and ſtrong, broke up with a Freſh, and came down in Heaps, vaſt Cakes rouling over and over, in a terrible Manner, breaking great Trees where the Flood came over the low Land. Such a great Quantity of Ice being apt to damn the River in ſome Places, it rais'd the Water exceedingly, and drove with greater Violence when thoſe Dams were broken. It carried away the Flats of two Ferries, and did other conſiderable Damage. The Water was near two Foot and a half high on the Ground Floor of Joſeph Grey's Houſe at the middle Ferry; which is much higher than any Freſh is known to have been before in that River: But the Houſe was not *four foot under Water*, as another Account ſays, meaning, 'tis like, that *four foot of the Houſe was under Water.*

Buried in the ſeveral Burying-Grounds of this City ſince our laſt.

Church	1.	Baptiſts			1.
Quakers	0.	Strangers	Whites		0.
Presbyterians	0.		Blacks		0.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of W. Corker, *lately deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment to the Executors, to prevent further Trouble, and enable them to pay his Debts.* To be ſold, *Sundry ſorts of Slop Goods, Nails, Rice, and Meſſaſſes, by Wholeſale or Retale; alſo a Houſe and Lot in Cheſnut Street where* Thomas Skelton *lives.*

Mary Corker, Edward Warner.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of William Powel, *Cooper, lately deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment to* John Armit, *Executor; and all Perſons that have any Demands on the ſaid Eſtate are deſired to bring their Accounts to him, in order to their being ſatisfyed.*

RUN away on Jan. 24. *from* Samuel Worthington, *of the Manor of Moreland, an Iriſh Servant Man, named* Malachi Garvi, *about* 34 *Years of Age, of good Stature, red Beard, lightiſh brown Hair, his Face ſwelled and ſomewhat broke out by reaſon of his late Sickneſs, in which I took him in almoſt naked, paid his Expences, Doctor, &c. for which he became my Servant. He is well known in moſt of theſe Provinces, having travel'd about ſome Years. He had on a bluiſh grey ſtrait body'd Coat, a coarſe Kerſey Jacket, reddiſh brown Stockins, old Shoes, & Leather Breeches. Whoever ſecures him ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have* Three Pounds *Reward, and reaſonable Charges paid, by*

Samuel Worthington.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Thomas Roberts, *of this City, lately deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment to his Widow,* Samuel Powel, *Cooper, or* Jacob Shoemaker, *Executors. And all who have any Demands on the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjuſted.*

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